

Boston Children's Hospital Transition Toolkit

Welcome to the Boston Children's Hospital Transition Toolkit!

As a teenager getting ready for adulthood, or as a young adult, you can begin to take control of how you handle your metabolic condition and your health in general. This Toolkit is designed to help you! To start, read through these materials and fill out the forms. You can also begin to look for an adult-focused doctor to replace your pediatrician who only deals with childhood problems. This process of switching to an adult-focused doctor is called *medical care transition* and takes time and planning — but once it's done, it will be great for your future health and success.

Use the following forms to help achieve your medical care transition



Health Readiness
Assessment



Metabolic Condition Basics



Medical Health Summary



Transition Plan

What am I supposed to do with these forms?

Measure your health independence by taking the Health Readiness Assessment and over time try to answer yes to every question.

Read up on your Metabolic Condition Basics and discuss possible adult-health problems with your doctors or nurses.

Ask a doctor or social worker for help filling out the Medical Health Summary and Transition Plan at your next appointment.

Save these forms on your computer and USB flash drive and bring the Transition Toolkit to every medical appointment.

Keep the flash drive in your wallet or purse and save any changes or updates.



Save these forms and bring them to future medical appointments



How will The **Transition Toolkit** help me? With the Toolkit you can –

Decide when you're ready to act as your own health spokesperson.

Prepare for doctor's appointments and fill out health forms.

Talk to doctors and nurses about your medical condition and what roles they should play in your medical care.

Keep track of all of your important medical and condition information.

To get started, fill out the Health Readiness form.

Ask a doctor to help you fill out your forms

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Health Readiness Assessment

Are You Ready to Handle Your Own Health Care as an Independent Adult?



To know if you are ready for a health care transition, answer the following questions:

1.	I know my height, weight, birth date, and social security number	☐ Yes	□ No
2.	I know the name of my condition	☐ Yes	□ No
3.	I know my genotype or genetic status	☐ Yes	□ No
4.	I can tell you about my condition and explain my health care needs	☐ Yes	□ No
5.	I know what kind of medical insurance I have	☐ Yes	□ No
6.	I know where to find my medical records	☐ Yes	□ No
7.	I know who to ask about getting my own health insurance	☐ Yes	□ No
8.	I know the basic treatment for my condition	☐ Yes	□ No
9.	I know what my diet should include and not include	☐ Yes	□ No
10.	I know how to prepare my own food	☐ Yes	□ No
11.	I know how to shop for my own food	☐ Yes	□ No
12.	I know the names of my supplements and medicines	☐ Yes	□ No
13.	I know how to order or get my medications filled	☐ Yes	□ No
14.	I know the symptoms and medical problems related to my condition	☐ Yes	□ No
15.	I visit my metabolic specialist regularly	☐ Yes	□ No
16.	I have discussed issues about sex with my doctor	☐ Yes	□ No
17.	I know how to get birth control and how to stay protected against sexually transmitted diseases/infections (STDs)	☐ Yes	□ No
18.	I have discussed the use of tobacco, alcohol and drugs with my doctor	☐ Yes	□ No
19.	I know how to schedule a doctor's appointment	☐ Yes	□ No
20.	I keep a schedule of medical appointments on my calendar	☐ Yes	□ No
21.	I can get myself to medical appointments (or can arrange transportation myself)	☐ Yes	□ No
22.	I know who to call in case of an emergency	☐ Yes	□ No
23.	I prepare questions for my health care provider before appointments	☐ Yes	□ No
24.	I have a support network for my condition	☐ Yes	□ No

Health Readiness Assessment

Are You Ready to Handle Your Own Health Care as an Independent Adult?



Now count the number of times you checked YES.

If you checked YES for:

17 to 24 statements - great work!

You are already taking full responsibility for your health care. The transition forms in this Toolkit will help you become a stronger health advocate.

8 to 16 statements - you are on the right path!

You are actively taking on many important responsibilities in your health care. The following Transition Toolkit forms will help you answer YES to many more of these questions.

0 to 7 statements - let's get started!

Transitioning health care to adult providers and becoming a better health advocate for yourself takes time and planning. Now's a perfect time to start! Pick a few of the previous responsibilities from the list and spend the next month doing them. The Toolkit forms will make this much easier.

Now what?

Update and save this assessment every month until you've answered all of the tasks with a YES!

Next, take a look at some basic information about your metabolic condition.

Metabolic Condition Basics: Arginase Deficiency

Medical information you need to know as an adult with Arginase Deficiency



Overview of the Condition:

Arginase deficiency is a rare metabolic condition in which a chemical called arginase does not work correctly in your body. This causes ammonia to build up too much in your blood over time. When ammonia builds up too much, it can cause serious health problems. You can manage arginase deficiency throughout your life with a special low-protein diet, a special medical formula, drug therapy, and ongoing health care.

Other names for arginase deficiency are: argininemia, hyperargininemia, and ARG1 deficiency.

Medical Problems for Babies and Children:

- If arginase deficiency goes undetected, babies and children may have: abnormal muscle tensing and stiffness, delayed growth, learning delays, tremors, or seizures.
- On rare occasions, babies and children may show signs of ammonia build-up (also called hyperammonemia)
 after eating a lot of protein, or after an illness or surgery. Symptoms include vomiting, refusing to eat, and
 being tired and irritable.
- Newborns in some US states are now tested for arginase deficiency. If the condition is identified early and treatment is followed carefully, the most serious health problems can be avoided.

Medical Problems for Teens and Young Adults:

- Teens and young adults with arginase deficiency may have learning disabilities.
- If you have an illness, fever, surgery, or are pregnant, contact your health-care provider right away.
- Watch for signs of ammonia build-up including: nausea, vomiting, sleepiness, or unusual problems with your mood or thinking. If you have any of these, get medical care right away.
- Some teens and young adults with arginase deficiency have anxiety or depression. Counseling and medication can help. If you have anxiety or depression, it is important to get in touch with your health care provider to get treatment.

How to Avoid Medical Problems and Complications:

- Follow a low-protein diet recommended by your dietician.
- Take medical formula and drug therapies recommended by your health care providers.
- Avoid medicines that contain valproic acid, including Depakote®. Check with your doctor to find out which other medicines contain valproic acid.
- Keep your immunizations up-to-date.
- Stay in regular contact with your health care providers and health specialists.
- Keep an Acute Illness Protocol that you can bring with you to the emergency room: http://newenglandconsortium.org/for-professionals/acute-illness-protocols/urea-cycle-disorders/arginase-deficiency/

Fertility and Pregnancy:

- Arginase deficiency does not affect your ability to have children.
- Genetic counseling can help you and your partner understand the risks to your children. Your doctor can refer
 you to a genetic counselor who has a special understanding of your health issues.

Metabolic Condition Basics: Arginase Deficiency

Medical information you need to know as an adult with Arginase Deficiency



Pregnant women with arginase deficiency must follow a careful diet with guidance from a dietician.

How To Get Support:

- Get education support from teachers and specialists at your school.
- Join a support group with people who have arginase deficiency or similar metabolic conditions. This group of health conditions is called urea cycle disorders.
- A lot of research is being done on arginase deficiency and other urea cycle disorders. Get up-to-date
 information about new treatments and discoveries at the Urea Cycle Foundation website: http://nucdf.org/

Resources:

AAP/AAFP/ACP Transition Clinical Report

http://aappolicy.aappublications.org/cgi/reprint/pediatrics;128/1/182.pdf

Transition Toolkit (New England Consortium of Metabolic Programs) http://newenglandconsortium.org/for-families/transition-toolkit/

Got Transition

http://gottransition.org/

National Urea Cycle Disorders Foundation

http://nucdf.org/

Acute Illness Protocol for Arginase Deficiency

 $\underline{\text{http://newenglandconsortium.org/for-professionals/acute-illness-protocols/urea-cycle-disorders/arginase-deficiency/}$

National Institutes of Health – Genetics Home Reference – Arginase Deficiency http://ghr.nlm.nih.gov/condition/arginase-deficiency

Genetics Referrals:

Clinical Services

http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/sites/genetests/clinic?db=genetests

Genetic Services

http://www.acmg.net/gis

What Next?

Now you can fill out the Medical Health Summary, print it, and save it. This will help you keep important medical information in one place.

This guide was adapted with permission from the American College of Medical Genetics ACT Sheet http://www.acmg.net/

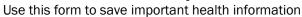
Medical Health Summary

Use this form to save important health information



Date Updated:								
Last Name			First	First Name				
Birthday		Gender	Weig	Weight		Height		
Address			L			1		
City					State	7	Zip Code	
Insurance Name					1			
Insurance ID & Grou	# qı							
Insurance Address	& Phone Nu	umber						
Metabolic or Geneti	Metabolic or Genetic Condition							
Medications/Supple	ements and	l Dosages						
Allergies to Food, Di	rugs and Ot	ther Substance	es					
Emergency Contact	Name & Re	elationship		Emergeno	cy Contact I	Phone N	lumber	
Pharmacy Name			Pharmacy	Pharmacy Phone Number				
Immunizations:	Туре			Date				

Medical Health Summary





What next?

A final step toward completing your medical transition is meeting with your health care providers to discuss and fill out your Transition Plan.

Transition Plan

Make an ongoing health plan with your health care provider



Fill out this plan with your health care provider, to help you transition to being in charge of your own health						
Patient Name:						
Boston Children's Hospital Medical Record #:						
Primary Care Physician	Phone Number					
	Email					
Pediatrician	Phone Number					
	Email					
Metabolic Specialist	Phone Number					
	Email					
Other Health Care Provider	Phone Number					
	Email					
Emergency Contact Name & Relationship	Phone Number					
Medical Findings						
Genotype/Laboratory Findings						
Treatment Status						
Current Mediations/Treatments						
Allergies/Adverse Reactions						
Past Medical Concerns or Hospitalizations						
Living Situation/Employment						
Mental Health Status/Cognitive Status						

Transition Plan

Make an ongoing health plan with your health care provider



Other Health Risks
Contract: To enhance collaboration, each person should agree on the following responsibilities:
Metabolic Specialist will:
Obtain labs and tests: For example
Prescribe condition-related medications:
Work with PCP to develop an emergency protocol:
Patient will:
Remember to take medications: For example
Order and pick up supplies/supplements:
Show-up to appointments:
Primary Care Physician will:
Monitor patient's general health:
Update metabolic specialist with important patient information:
Contact metabolic specialist with medical concerns: For example
Other:

When you're done filling out this Transition Plan, print it and save it in a safe place.

Congratulations! You are well on your way to being in charge of your own health.